

CERTIFICATION BY AUDITOR IN RELATION TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have examined the attached special purpose information disclosure statements of NGC Holdings Limited Gas Transmissions (Information Disclosure) Business and dated 15 November 2010 for the purposes of regulation 6 of the Gas (Information Disclosure) Regulation 1997.

We certify that, having made all reasonable enquiry, to the best of our knowledge, those financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Gas (Information Disclosure) Regulations 1997.

KPMG

KPMG

15 November 2010



CERTIFICATION OF PERFORMANCE MEASURES BY AUDITOR

We have examined the attached information, being –

- (a) Financial performance measures specified in clause 1 of Part 2 of Schedule 1 of the Gas (Information Disclosure) Regulations 1997; and
- (b) Financial components of the efficiency performance measures specified in clause 2 of part 2 of the schedule,-

and having been prepared by NGC Holdings Limited Gas Transmissions (Information Disclosure) Business and dated 15 November 2010 for the purposes of regulations 15 and 16 of those regulations.

We certify that, having made all reasonable enquiry, to the best of our knowledge, that information has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Gas (Information Disclosure) Regulations 1997.

KPMG

KPMG

15 November 2010



Vector Limited

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CERTIFICATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, PERFORMANCE MEASURES, AND STATISTICS DISCLOSED BY DIRECTORS OF THE CORPORATION

We, James Chemichae and Auson Paresson , directors of NGC Holdings Limited ("the Corporation"), certify that, having made all reasonable enquiry, to the best of our knowledge, –

- (a) the attached audited financial statements of the Corporation, prepared for the purposes of regulation 6 of the Gas (Information Disclosure) Regulations 1997, comply with the requirements of that regulation; and
- (b) the attached information, being the financial performance measures, efficiency performance measures, energy delivery performance measures and statistics, and reliability performance measures in relation to the Corporation, and having been prepared for the purposes of regulations 15 to 19 of the Gas (Information Disclosure) Regulations 1997, complies with the requirements of those regulations.

Director

Date: 15 November 2010

Director

Date: | S November 2010

NGC HOLDINGS LIMITED

(A WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF VECTOR LIMITED)

GAS TRANSMISSION ACTIVITIES 2010

INFORMATION FOR DISCLOSURE

PURSUANT TO THE
GAS (INFORMATION DISCLOSURE) REGULATIONS 1997

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

	NOTE	2010	2009
		\$000	\$000
Operating revenue		105,792	102,548
Gas purchases and pipeline maintenance		(11,918)	(11,437)
Personnel expenses		(6,229)	(6,201)
Other expenses		(6,327)	(8,995)
Operating expenditure		(24,474)	(26,633)
Earnings before interest, income tax, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA)		81,318	75,915
Depreciation and amortisation		(16,693)	(19,591)
Profit before interest and income tax	1	64,625	56,324
Finance costs	2	(9,564)	(13,440)
Profit before income tax		55,061	42,884
Income tax expense	3	(8,819)	(13,824)
Net profit for the period		46,242	29,060
Total comprehensive income for the period		46,242	29,060



STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 30 JUNE 2010

	NOTE	2010	2009
CURRENT ASSETS	0).000	\$000	\$000
Receivables and prepayments	5	8,762	11,732
Inventories		3,625	3,538
Total current assets		12,387	15,270
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Intangible assets	7	9,977	11,688
Property, plant and equipment	8	413,335	415,768
Total non-current assets	3,500,000	423,312	427,456
Total assets		435,699	442,726
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Payables and accruals	9	8,409	14,524
Provisions	10	2,567	2,747
Income tax		16,791	14,942
Notional borrowings	11	13,019	-
Total current liabilities		40,786	32,213
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Payables and accruals	9	2,079	2,144
Notional borrowings	11	120,923	174,092
Deferred tax	4	83,224	91,832
Total non-current liabilities		206,226	268,068
Total liabilities		247,012	300,281
EQUITY			
Notional reserves	6	188,687	142,445
Total equity	APPROXIMATION OF STATE OF STAT	188,687	142,445
Total equity and liabilities		435,699	442,726



STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

REPORTING ENTITIES

These financial information disclosure statements comprise the gas transmission activities of NGC Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries. The gas transmission activities involve the ownership and supply of pipeline function services for the transmission of gas.

NGC Holdings Limited is a company registered under the Companies Act 1993. NGC Holdings Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Vector Limited. The gas transmission activities of NGC Holdings Limited form part of that statutory entity, the financial statements of which are consolidated into the Vector Limited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2010 which have been prepared in accordance with New Zealand International Financial Reporting Standards. These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting policies detailed below and the disclosures correspond accordingly.

These financial information disclosure statements for the gas transmission activities are special purpose financial reports.

STATUTORY BASE

The financial information disclosure statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Gas (Information Disclosure) Regulations 1997.

MEASUREMENT BASE

The financial information disclosure statements are prepared on the basis of historical cost and should be read in conjunction with the accounting policies in Vector Limited's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2010.

The avoidable cost allocation methodology (ACAM) as described in the Electricity Information Disclosure Handbook 31 March 2004 has been adopted, for the allocation of revenues, costs, assets and liabilities between the regulated activities and other activities of the company. Under the Gas (Information Disclosure) Regulation 1997, there is no mandated allocation methodology, thus ACAM as prescribed in the Electricity Information Disclosure Handbook has been applied.

Allocations have been carried out on the following basis:

- Direct allocation of all components of financial statement items which are directly attributable to the activity.
- For any components of financial statement items that are not directly attributable to an activity:
 - By assessing the proportions of those components which are avoidable and non-avoidable; and
 - o Allocating those components amongst the activities on the basis of those proportions using an appropriate cost allocator.

The two main allocators used are the number of employees and the book value of property, plant and equipment. Some costs, for example IT costs and non-system asset depreciation, are separately analysed and are allocated using allocators specific to those costs.

All financial statement items not allocated to the standalone gas transmission activities are allocated to other activities within the Vector group. Other activities are not disclosed within these financial information disclosure statements.

PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In accordance with the revised IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements (2007), which became effective for financial periods commencing on or after 1 January 2009, movements in equity resulting from transactions other than those with owners are presented in a statement of comprehensive income. Since this change in accounting policy only impacts presentation aspects, there are no impacts on the statement of comprehensive income, or the statement of financial position. Comparative information has been re-presented so that it conforms to the revised standard.

The comparative figures have been reclassified to ensure consistency with the presentation of Vector Limited statutory financial statements where required.

GOING CONCERN

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.



STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following specific accounting policies that materially affect the measurement of profit or loss and statement of financial position items have been applied consistently to all periods presented in the financial statements.

A) INCOME RECOGNITION

Income from the provision of gas transmission services is recognised as services are delivered. Interest income is accounted for as earned. Income from customer contributions is recognised on a percentage of completion basis.

B) GOODS AND SERVICES TAX (GST)

The statement of comprehensive income has been prepared so that all components are stated exclusive of GST. All items in the statement of financial position are stated net of GST, with the exception of receivables and payables, which include GST invoiced.

C) RECEIVABLES

Receivables are carried at estimated realisable value after providing against debts where collection is doubtful.

D) INVENTORIES

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a weighted average cost basis,

E) INCOME TAX

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax.

Income tax assets and liabilities are the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance date, and any adjustment to tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. During the financial period, the income tax liability or asset is estimated based on the forecast effective tax rate for that entire financial period.

Deferred tax is recognised using the balance sheet method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised within tax expense in the statement of comprehensive income unless the temporary difference initially arose in equity or the difference resulted from application of ACAM to statement of financial position items in which case the movement is then recognised as an adjustment in equity and / or borrowings against the item to which the temporary difference relates

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at balance date.

Deferred tax assets including unutilised tax losses are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at balance date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

F) PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment are tangible assets expected to be used during more than one financial period and include spares held for the servicing of other property, plant and equipment that is owned.

The initial cost of purchased property, plant and equipment is the value of the consideration given to acquire the property, plant and equipment and the value of other directly attributable costs, which have been incurred in bringing the property, plant and equipment to the location and condition necessary for the intended service.

The initial cost of self-constructed property, plant and equipment includes the cost of all materials used in construction, direct labour on the project, financing costs that are attributable to the project, costs of ultimately dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located (where an obligation exists to do so) and an appropriate proportion of the other directly attributable overheads incurred in bringing the items to working condition for their intended use. Financing costs that would have been avoided if the expenditure on qualifying assets had not been made are capitalised while the construction activities are in progress. Costs cease to be capitalised as soon as the property, plant and equipment is ready for productive use and do not include any costs of abnormal waste.



STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F) PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Uninstalled property, plant and equipment are stated at the lower of cost and estimated recoverable amount. Estimated recoverable amount is the greater of the estimated amount from the future use of the property, plant and equipment and its ultimate disposal, and its fair value less costs to sell.

Property, plant and equipment is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Subsequent expenditure relating to an item of property, plant and equipment is added to its gross carrying amount when such expenditure can be measured reliably and either increases the future economic benefits beyond its existing service potential, or is necessarily incurred to enable future economic benefits to be obtained, and that expenditure would have been included in the initial cost of the item had the expenditure been incurred at that time. The costs of day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as incurred.

G) IDENTIFIABLE INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Easements

Easements are perpetual rights to use land owned by others for a stated purpose and are classified as intangible assets. Easements are not amortised

Software

Software that is not integral to the functionality of the related hardware is classified as an intangible asset. It is amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life, commencing on the date it is available for use. Software assets which are integral to the operation of the related hardware are classified as computer equipment within property, plant and equipment. Software intangible assets have a useful life of between 2 and 10 years.

H) DEPRECIATION

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment other than freehold land is calculated on a straight line basis so as to expense the cost of the property, plant and equipment, less any expected residual value, to the statement of comprehensive income over its useful economic life.

Depreciation commences when the item of property, plant and equipment is brought into productive use, or when such items become available for use.

	USEFUL LIVES YEARS
Pipelines, compressors and gate stations	35 - 65
Plant, vehicles and equipment	3 - 40
Buildings	40 - 100

I) LEASED ASSETS

Finance leases

Property, plant and equipment under finance leases, where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are assumed by gas transmission activities as lessee, are recognised as non-current assets in the statement of financial position. Leased property, plant and equipment are recognised initially at the lower of the present value of the minimum lease payments or their fair value. A corresponding liability is established and each lease payment apportioned between the reduction of the outstanding liability and the finance expense. The finance expense is charged to the statement of comprehensive income in each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased property, plant and equipment are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and the useful life of equivalent owned property, plant and equipment.



STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I) LEASED ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Operating leases

Payments made under operating leases, where the lessors effectively retain substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased property, plant and equipment are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Lease incentives received are recognised as an integral part of the total lease expense over the term of the lease. Property, plant and equipment used under operating leases are not recognised in the statement of financial position.

Leasehold improvements

The cost of improvements to leasehold property are capitalised and depreciated over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the improvements, whichever is the shorter.

J) PROVISIONS

Employee entitlements

Employee entitlements to salaries and wages, annual leave, long-term leave and other benefits are recognised when they accrue to employees.

Other provisions

Provisions are estimated by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. Where a provision is currently expected to be utilised within one year, or where the future actions of a third party could cause the liability to be settled within one year, the provision is not discounted.

The amortisation or unwinding of any discount applied in establishing the net present value of provisions is charged to finance costs in the statement of comprehensive income as the period of discounting diminishes.

Provisions are liabilities which arise where it is considered, as a result of a past event, that a constructive or legal obligation exists to settle items in the foreseeable future. A provision is recognised where the likelihood of a resultant liability is considered more probable than not and the amount required to settle the liability can be reliably estimated. Where the likelihood of a resultant liability is more than remote but insufficient to warrant a provision, such events are disclosed as contingent liabilities.

K) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The allocation of debt and equity items is in accordance with the principles and rules of ACAM.

L) FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the respective functional currencies at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions unless transactions are hedged by foreign currency derivative instruments. Foreign currency differences arising on translation are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. At balance date foreign monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the functional currency closing rate, and exchange variations arising from these translations are included in the statement of comprehensive income.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at historic cost are not retranslated at balance date.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined and are not retranslated at balance date.

M) IMPAIRMENT

The carrying amounts of the assets are reviewed at balance date to determine whether there is any evidence of impairment.

Where assets are deemed to be impaired, the impairment loss is the amount that the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses directly reduce the carrying amount of assets and are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.



STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

M) IMPAIRMENT (CONTINUED)

Impairment of receivables

The carrying amount of the receivables is compared to the recoverable amount which is amortised cost. Amortised cost is estimated as the present value of estimated future cash flows. Long term receivables are discounted to reflect the time value of money. An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of a receivable or grouping of similar receivables exceeds its recoverable amount. Receivables with a short duration are not discounted.

For trade receivables which are not significant on an individual basis, collective impairment is assessed on a portfolio basis based on numbers of days overdue, and taking into account previous experience of doubtful or delayed collection of debts on portfolios with a similar amount of days overdue.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the non-financial assets, other than inventories and deferred tax assets, are reviewed at each balance date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists then the asset's carrying amount is compared to its recoverable amount to determine the level of impairment if any.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing the value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

Impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at each balance date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss may be reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed to the statement of comprehensive income only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation and amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS NOT YET ADOPTED

Refer to the accounting policies in Vector Limited's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2010 for detailed information.

APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial information disclosure statements, performance measures and statistics were approved by the board of directors on 15 November 2010.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

1. PROFIT BEFORE INTEREST AND INCOME TAX	2010 \$000	2009 \$000
Profit before interest and income tax includes:		
(Decrease) / increase in provision for doubtful debts	(411)	35
Rental and operating lease costs	490	561
Directors' fees	109	125
Audit fees	127	128
Personnel expenses	6,229	6,201
Decrease in provisions	(180)	(240)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and software:		,
Pipelines, compressors and gate stations	9,071	12,874
Plant, vehicles and equipment	3,212	2,704
Amortisation of software intangibles	4,410	4,013
2. FINANCE COSTS	2010 \$000	2009 \$000
Interest expense	9,701	13,554
Capitalised interest	(137)	(114)
Total	9,564	13,440
3. INCOME TAX EXPENSE	2010 \$000	2009 \$000
Profit before income tax	55,061	42,884
Tax at current rate of 30%	16,519	12,865
Future reduction in tax rate impacting deferred tax	(5,946)	-
Future change in buildings depreciation rules impacting deferred tax	676	-
Non taxable items:		
Customer contributions	(405)	
Prior year adjustments	(50)	628
Other	(1,975)	331
Income tax expense	8,819	13,824
The income tax expense is represented by:		
Current income tax	17,284	15,395
Deferred income tax	(8,465)	(1,571)
Total	8,819	13,824

In May 2010 the Government announced a reduction in the company tax rate to 28% and the removal of depreciation deductions for buildings, effective from the 2011/2012 income year. In accordance with NZ IAS 12, the deferred tax liability has been restated to reflect these changes. The Government also announced that customer contributions would be taxable for those contributions received on or after 21 May 2010.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

4. DEFERRED TAX	PROPERTY, PLANT AND	PROVISIONS AND	TOTAL
2010	EQUIPMENT \$000	ACCRUALS \$000	TOTAL \$000
Balance at beginning of the period	(92,759)	927	(91,832)
Amounts recognised in the statement of comprehensive income:			
Relating to the current period	2,790	(208)	2,582
Prior period adjustments recognised in the current period	(416)	1,029	613
Relating to future reduction in tax rate	6,069	(123)	5,946
Relating to future change in buildings depreciation rules	(676)		(676)
Amounts recognised directly in the statement of financial position	30	113	143
Balance at end of the period	(84,962)	1,738	(83,224)
Deferred tax assets	я	1,738	1,738
Deferred tax liabilities	(84,962)	•	(84,962)
Net deferred tax (liabilities) / assets	(84,962)	1,738	(83,224)
	PROPERTY, PLANT AND	PROVISIONS AND	

2009	PROPERTY, PLANT AND	PROVISIONS AND	
	EQUIPMENT \$000	ACCRUALS \$000	TOTAL \$000
Balance at beginning of the period	(93,905)	1,756	(92,149)
Amounts recognised in the statement of comprehensive income:			
Relating to the current period	2,441	(767)	1,674
Prior period adjustments recognised in the current period	(41)	(62)	(103)
Amounts recognised directly in the statement of financial position	(1,254)	_	(1,254)
Balance at end of the period	(92,759)	927	(91,832)
Deferred tax assets	-	927	927
Deferred tax liabilities	(92,759)	-	(92,759)
Net deferred tax (liabilities) / assets	(92,759)	927	(91,832)

The tax charge is notional, therefore no actual tax payments are made and as a result there are no imputation credits available to the gas transmission activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

Current Trade receivables Provision for doubtful debts Prepayments Total	7,455 (59) 7,396 1,366 8,762	11,049 (470) 10,579 1,153 11,732
Provision for doubtful debts Prepayments	(59) 7,396 1,366 8,762	(470) 10,579 1,153 11,732
Prepayments	7,396 1,366 8,762	10,579 1,153 11,732 2009
	1,366 8,762 2010	1,153 11,732 2009
	8,762 2010	11,732
Total	2010	2009
6. NOTIONAL RESERVES		\$000
Balance at beginning of the period	142,445	139,822
Net profit for the period	46,242	29,060
Decrease due to debt-equity ratio reset	*	(26,437)
Balance at end of the period	188,687	142,445
7. INTANGIBLE ASSETS COST 2010 \$000	ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION \$000	CARRYING AMOUNT \$000
Easements 241	*	241
Software 41,664	(31,928)	9,736
Total 41,905	(31,928)	9,977
2009 COST \$000	ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION \$000	CARRYING AMOUNT \$000
Software 37,711	(26,023)	11,688
Total 37,711	(26,023)	11,688



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		ACCUMULATED	CARRYING
2010	COST \$000	DEPRECIATION \$000	AMOUNT \$000
Pipelines, compressors and gate stations	466,449	(65,762)	400,687
Plant, vehicles and equipment	31,077	(24,773)	6,304
Freehold land	229	•	229
Capital work in progress	6,115	in .	6,115
Total	503,870	(90,535)	413,335

2009	COST \$000	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION \$000	CARRYING AMOUNT \$000
Pipelines, compressors and gate stations	457,630	(61,197)	396,433
Plant, vehicles and equipment	30,721	(22,147)	8,574
Freehold land	483	-	483
Capital work in progress	10,278	-	10,278
Total	499,112	(83,344)	415,768

Interest and other internal costs are capitalised to property, plant and equipment while under construction. Interest is capitalised against property, plant and equipment largely at a capitalisation rate of 7% per annum. During the year \$0.1 million (30 June 2009: \$0.1 million) of interest and other costs were capitalised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

9. PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS	2010	2009
	\$000	\$000
Current		
Trade payables and other creditors	1,861	2,119
Finance lease	675	394
Interest payable	1,729	2,153
Other current payables	4,144	9,858
Total	8,409	14,524
Non-current		
Finance lease	286	1,020
Other non-current payables	1,793	1,124
Total	2,079	2,144
10. PROVISIONS	2010 \$000	2009 \$000
Balance at beginning of the period	2,747	2,987
Utilised:	<i>,</i>	-,
Provision for employee entitlements	(180)	(240)
Balance at end of the period	2,567	2,747

11. NOTIONAL BORROWINGS

Borrowings are a notional loan from Vector Limited to reflect a debt/equity mix in line with ACAM. The interest cost on the borrowings has been calculated using a weighted average interest rate.

12. COMMITMENTS	2010	2009
	\$000	\$000
Capital expenditure commitments		
Capital expenditure contracted for at balance date but not yet incurred	1,975	2,400
Operating lease commitments		
Within one year	321	453
One to five years	40	345
Total	361	798

The majority of the operating lease commitments relate to premises.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

12. COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)	2010	2009
	\$000	\$000
Finance lease commitments		
Within one year	619	515
One to five years	468	1,113
Total	1,087	1,628
Less: future finance charges	(126)	(214)
Present value of minimum lease payments	961	1,414
Present value of finance lease liability		
Within one year	675	394
One to five years	286	1,020
Present value of minimum lease payments	961	1,414

Finance leases relate to motor vehicles with varying lease terms.

13. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK

Transactions are conducted in foreign currencies for the purpose of protecting the NZD value of capital expenditure. Forward exchange contracts are used to hedge forecasted foreign currency exposure arising out of the capital expenditure program. Hence at balance date no significant exposure to foreign currency risk exists.

CREDIT RISK

In the normal course of business, there is exposure to credit risks from energy retailers and customers. Credit policies are in place, which are used to manage the exposure to credit risks.

	2010	2009
	CARRYING	CARRYING
	AMOUNT	AMOUNT
	\$000	\$000
Receivables and prepayments	8,762	11,732

14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Claims against the gas transmission activities, where appropriate, have been recognised and disclosed within provisions. No other material contingencies requiring disclosure have been identified (30 June 2009: nil).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

15. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

NATURE OF THE TRANSACTION	RELATED PARTY	2010 \$000	2009 \$000
Sale of transmission services based on actual revenue charged and notional revenue charged.	Gas Wholesaling Activities	515	634
Sale of transmission services based on actual revenue charged and notional revenue charged.	Gas Retailing Activities	30,274	29,160
Purchase of gas on standard terms and conditions.	Gas Retailing Activities	3,475	3,798
Purchase of mechanical services at market rates for the maintenance of export compressor based at Kapuni.	Kapuni Gas Treatment Plant	567	656
Notional borrowings advance	Vector Limited	133,942	174,092

(Transmission services charges are paid by related parties at the time of billing.)

16. EVENTS AFTER BALANCE DATE

Post balance date credit notes of \$1.7 million were reversed to revenue. No adjustment to these financial statements is required for this event.



FINANCIAL AND EFFICIENCY PERFORMANCE MEASURES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

		2010	2009	2008	2007
1. FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE	MEASURES				
a (i) Accounting return on total borrowings in working capi		15.53%	13.49%	12.25%	10.96%
a (ii) Accounting return on total borrowings in working capi	, ,	15.85%	14.26%	13.31%	11.29%
b Accounting return on equity		27.93%	20.59%	20.13%	29.67%
c (i) Accounting rate of profit (exworking capital)	cluding current borrowings in	11.12%	8.88%	8.88%	7.18%
c (ii) Accounting rate of profit (in working capital)	cluding current borrowings in	11.35%	9.38%	9.64%	7.40%
2. EFFICIENCY PERFORMANCE	MEASURES				
a Direct line costs per kilomet	re ¹	\$3,708	\$4,366	\$3,170	\$3,239
b Indirect line costs per gas co	ustomer ²	\$1,046,254	\$1,085,429	\$1,149,180	\$1,119,079



Direct line costs excludes fuel gas (FG) and unaccounted for gas (UFG).
Direct line costs per kilometre including FG and UFG is \$5,369, \$5,155, \$6,186, and \$6,622 for 2010, 2009, 2008, and 2007 respectively.

Indirect line costs excludes fuel gas (FG) and unaccounted for gas (UFG). Indirect line costs per gas customer including FG & UFG is \$1,353,577, \$1,210,394, \$1,627,152, and \$1,597,242 for 2010, 2009, 2008, and 2007 respectively.

ENERGY DELIVERY EFFICIENCY PERFORMANCE MEASURES AND STATISTICS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

3. LOAD FACTOR

2010 2009

2009							
System	Gas Into System	Max. Monthly Quantity	Load Factor %	Gas Into System	Max. Monthly Quantity	Load Factor %	
dystem	[a]	[b]	a × 100	[a]	[b]	a × 100	
	(GJ p.a.)	(GJ/month)	12 x b	(GJ p.a.)	(GJ/month)	12 x b	
North & Central	49,758,988	5,256,816	78.88	49,300,737	6,051,861	67.89	
Bay of Plenty	8,937,851	852,547	87.36	8,931,816	889,989	83.63	
Frankley Rd – Kapuni	24,821,335	3,130,985	66.06	23,194,720	2,602,208	74.28	
South	10,710,092	1,215,309	73.44	10,692,344	1,215,946	73.28	
Total	94,228,266			92,119,617			
		2008			2007		
System	Gas Into System	Max. Monthly Quantity	Load Factor %	Gas Into System	Max. Monthly Quantity	Load Factor %	
System	[a]	[b]	a × 100	[a]	[b]	<u>a × 100</u>	
	(GJ p.a.)	(GJ/month)	12 x b	(GJ p.a.)	(GJ/month)	12 x b	
North & Central	64,613,328	6,310,963	85.32	56,513,361	6,043,308	77.93	
Bay of Plenty	9,763,970	968,670	84.00	10,212,588	1,072,961	79.32	
Frankley Rd – Kapuni ³	20,399,390	2,246,725	75.66	15,248,478	1,895,649	67.03	
South	10,537,176	1,150,918	76.30	10,909,282	1,242,523	73.17	
Total	105,313,864			92,883,709			

4. UNACCOUNTED - FOR - GAS RATIO

	2010					2009			
	Unaccounted	Gas Into System	UFG %	Unaccounted	Gas Into System	UFG %			
System	For Gas [a]	[b]	<u>a × 100</u>	For Gas [a]	[b]	<u>a × 100</u>			
	(GJ p.a.)	(GJ p.a.)	b	(GJ p.a.)	(GJ p.a.)	b			
North & Central	120,579	49,758,988	0.24	328,004	49,300,737	0.67			
Bay of Plenty	41,622	8,937,851	0.47	(7,750)	8,931,816	(0.09)			
Frankley Rd – Kapuni	(167,043)	24,821,335	(0.67)	(188,084)	23,194,720	(0.81)			
South	43,156	10,710,092	0.40	43,210	10,692,344	0.40			
Total		94,228,266			92,119,617				
	_	2008		2007					
	Unaccounted	Gas Into System	UFG %	Unaccounted	Gas Into System	UFG %			
System	For Gas [a]	[b]	<u>a × 100</u>	For Gas [a]	[b]	a × 100			
	(GJ p.a.)	(GJ p.a.)	b	(GJ p.a.)	(GJ p.a.)	b			
North & Central	184,596	64,613,328	0.29	307,339	56,513,361	0.54			
Bay of Plenty	26,763	9,763.970	0.27	316	10,212,588	0.00			
				, ,					
Frankley Rd – Kapuni 3	(157,248)	20,399,390	(0.77)	54,980	15,248,478	0.36			
Frankley Rd – Kapuni ³ South	(157,248) 32,645			54,980 106,125	15,248,478 10,909,282	0.36 0.97			

³ An error was identified in the 2008 and 2007 years' "Gas Into System" quantities previously disclosed for the Frankley Rd – Kapuni system. Re-stated quantities have been disclosed for the 2008 and 2007 years.

ENERGY DELIVERY EFFICIENCY PERFORMANCE MEASURES AND STATISTICS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

5. STATISTICS

2010	2009
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r							2000	
		Max. Monthly		Gas		Max. Monthly		Gas
_	Length	Quantity	Total Gas	Conveyed	Length	Quantity	Total Gas	Conveyed
System		Entering the	Conveyed	Other than for		Entering the	Conveyed	Other than for
	(km)	System	(GJ p.a.)	Vector	(km)	System	(GJ p.a.)	Vector
		(GJ/month)		(GJ p.a.)		(GJ/month)		(GJ p.a.)
North & Central	829.5	5,256,816	49,639,637		827.0	6,051,861	48,979,436	
Bay of Plenty	610.3	852,547	8,896,524		612.2	889,989	8,941,627	*
Frankley Rd – Kapuni	83.1	3,130,985	25,072,109		82.9	2,602,208	23,483,527	
South	696.8	1,215,309	10,661,819		696.5	1,215,946	10,643,670	
Total	2,219.7		94,270,089	70,986,318	2,218.6		92,048,260	65,850,247
			2008				2007	
		Max. Monthly		Gas		Max. Monthly		Gas
	Length	Quantity	Total Gas	Conveyed	Length	Quantity	Total Gas	Conveyed
System		Entering the	Conveyed	Other than for		Entering the	Conveyed	Other than for
	(km)	System	(GJ p.a.)	Vector	(km)	System	(GJ p.a.)	Vector
		(GJ/month)		(GJ p.a.)		(GJ/month)		(GJ p.a.)
North & Central	827.0	6,310,963	64,426,662		827.0	6,043,308	56,198,219	
Bay of Plenty	612.2	968,670	9,736,411		612.2	1,072,961	10,215,074	
Frankley Rd – Kapuni ⁴	82.9	2,246,725	20,580,125		82.9	1,895,649	15,466,920	
South	696.5	1,150,918	10,505,779		696.5	1,242,523	10,799,716	
Total	2,218.6		105,248,977	81,612,482	2,218.6		92,679,929	69,721,189

	2010	2009	2008	2007
Number of Transmission Customers	12	14	14	16

	20)10	2	2009		800	20	07
Number of unplanned interruptions in transmission systems	No.	Hrs	No.	Hrs	No.	Hrs	No.	Hrs.
	*	*	ser.	in-	1	9.5		-
	*		-	~	2	9.0	*-	-
		•	•	w.	3	12.0	*	-
Total Interruptions		-		•	3	30.5	*	-

⁴ An error was identified in the 2008 and 2007 years' "Total Gas Conveyed" quantities previously disclosed for the Frankley Rd – Kapuni system. Re-stated quantities have been disclosed for the 2008 and 2007 years.